- (c) In addition, when taking the actions listed in paragraph (a) of this section, the Secretary or HCFA may consider factors relating to—
- (1) Consistency in the administration of program policy;
- (2) Development of intermediary expertise in difficult areas of program administration:
- (3) Individual capacity of available intermediaries to serve providers as it is affected by such considerations as—
- (i) Program emphasis on the number or type of providers to be served; or
- (ii) Changes in data processing technology:
- (4) Overdependence of the program on the capacity of an intermediary to an extent that services could be interrupted;
- (5) Economy in the delivery of intermediary services:
- (6) Timeliness in the delivery of intermediary services;
- (7) Duplication in the availability of intermediaries;
- (8) Conflict of interest between an intermediary and provider; and
- (9) Any additional pertinent factors.

[45 FR 42179, June 23, 1980, as amended at 59 FR 682, Jan. 6, 1994]

§ 421.114 Assignment and reassignment of providers by HCFA.

HCFA may assign or reassign any provider to any intermediary if it determines that the assignment or reassignment will result in a more effective and efficient administration of the Medicare program. Before making this determination HCFA will consider—

- (a) The preferences of the provider;
- (b) The availability of an intermediary as specified in §421.5(e); and
- (c) Intermediary performance measured against the criteria and standards specified in §§ 421.120 and 421.122.

[45 FR 42179, June 23, 1980, as amended at 49 FR 3660, Jan. 30, 1984]

§ 421.116 Designation of national or regional intermediaries.

(a) After considering intermediary performance measured against the criteria and standards specified in §§ 421.120 and 421.122, HCFA may designate a particular intermediary to serve a class of providers nationwide or

in any geographic area it defines. HCFA may make this designation if it determines that the designation will result in a greater degree of effectiveness and efficiency in the administration of the Medicare program than could be achieved by an assignment of providers to an intermediary preferred by the providers.

(b) No designation may be made until the affected providers and intermediaries are given an explanation and the intermediaries are advised of their right to a hearing and judicial review as specified in §421.128. This provision does not apply to experimental contracts awarded under §421.118.

- (c) To designate an intermediary, HCFA may establish classes of providers on the basis of—
- (1) The type of provider, for example, hospital, skilled nursing facility, home health agency; or
 - (2) Common characteristics.

[45 FR 42179, June 23, 1980, as amended at 49 FR 3660, Jan. 30, 1984]

§421.117 Designation of regional and alternative designated regional intermediaries for home health agencies and hospices.

(a) This section is based on section 1816(e)(4) of the Social Security Act, which requires the Secretary to designate regional intermediaries for home health agencies (HHAs) other than hospital-based HHAs but permits him or her to designate regional intermediaries for hospital-based HHAs only if the designation meets promulgated criteria concerning administrative efficiency and effectiveness; on section 1816(e)(5) of the Social Security Act, which requires the Secretary to designate intermediaries for hospices; and on section 1874 of the Act, which permits HCFA to contract with any organization for the purpose of making payments to any provider that elects to receive payment directly from **HCFA**

(b) HCFA applies the following criteria to determine whether the assignment of hospital-based HHAs to designated regional intermediaries will result in the more effective and efficient administration of the Medicare program: